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UTILITY
PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL

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Attorney Docket No.	COMP:0162 P00-3081	Total Pages	90	
First Nam	ed Inventor or App	lication Identifier		PTC
	David F. Bolog	ınia		Ø.
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U.S. Patent Application For

SYSTEM FOR MOUNTING PCI CARDS

By:

David F. Bolognia Spring, Texas

John R. Grady Houston, Texas

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SYSTEM FOR MOUNTING PCI CARDS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to a space saving configuration for a processor-based device, such as a server, and particularly to a space conserving PCI card assembly for use in a low profile chassis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A variety of electronic devices, such as servers, have been made available in smaller physical sizes. For example, many servers are available as low profile servers, e.g. 1U servers. Accordingly, it has become increasingly difficult to package all of the necessary components within the chassis of the device. The relatively small size also creates difficulty in providing a feature rich server, unless the space occupied by the various components is reduced.

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One of the components that typically requires space within the chassis is the PCI card or cards. Small servers, for example, have either limited themselves to use of a single PCI card or PCI cards having a reduced size as

compared to the standard full length cards. However, such solutions limit the potential functionality of the device.

It would be advantageous to have a space saving PCI card assembly that permitted the use of at least two full size PCI cards in a low profile device, such as a 1U server.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to one embodiment of the present invention, a PCI card assembly is provided. The assembly includes a framework to which a PCI riser card is connected in a generally vertical orientation. The assembly further includes a first PCI card and a second PCI card each coupled to the PCI riser card in a generally opposed and perpendicular orientation. The assembly also includes a lever system that facilitates easy installation and ejection of the assembly to and from a space restricted area within, for example, the chassis of a server.

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According to another aspect of the invention, a server is provided. The server has a chassis with a 1U profile, and includes a PCI card assembly designed to fit within the chassis of the server. The assembly comprises a framework

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that utilizes opposed and vertically staggered PCI cards to save space within the low profile chassis.

According to another aspect of the present invention, a method is provided for conserving space within a low profile chassis of a processor-based device, such as a server. The method includes mounting a pair of PCI cards to a central riser card, and vertically staggering the PCI cards to permit space for connection to the riser card. The method also comprises providing a connector coupled to the riser card that is designed for connection of the PCI card assembly with the subject device, e.g., to the motherboard of a server.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will hereafter be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein like reference numerals denote like elements, and:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a rack with a plurality of processor-based devices, e.g. servers, mounted therein;

Figure 2 is a front view of a low profile server;

Figure 3 is a partially exploded perspective view of the server illustrated in Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view taken generally along line 4-4 of Figure 3;

Figure 5 is a perspective view of a cable tray disposed within the chassis of an exemplary server;

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Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view taken generally along line 6-6 of Figure 5;

Figure 7 is a perspective view of a PCI card riser assembly designed for mounting in a low profile chassis of an exemplary server;

Figure 8 is a cross-sectional view of the PCI card assembly taken generally along line 8-8 of Figure 7;

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Figure 9 is a cross-sectional view similar to Figure 8 but showing the PCI card assembly in an eject position;

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Figure 10 is a perspective view of the right end of the riser assembly illustrated in Figure 7;

Figure 10A is a perspective bottom view of the riser assembly illustrated in Figure 7;

Figure 11 is a partial front view of an exemplary server illustrating an indicator;

Figure 12 is partial rear view of an exemplary server illustrating a rear indicator;

Figure 13 is a circuit diagram for use with the indicators illustrated in Figures 11 and 12;

Figure 13a is a diagram representing the functionality of the circuit illustrated in Figure 13;

Figure 14 is a perspective view of a retractable LCD module in a retracted position within an exemplary server;

Figure 15 is a perspective view of the retractable LCD unit illustrated in Figure 14 but in an open or operable position;

Figure 16 is a top view of the LCD unit in an open position;

Figure 17 is a top view similar to Figure 16 but with the LCD unit in a retracted position;

Figure 18 is a top view of a cable management system deployed with an exemplary server that is retracted in a rack;

Figure 19 is a top view of the cable management system illustrated in Figure 18 with the exemplary server extended from the rack;

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Figure 20 is a perspective view of a portion of an exemplary rack and rail; and

Figure 21 is an exploded view of an end of the rail illustrated in Figure 20.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring generally to Figure 1, an exemplary implementation of the present invention is illustrated. In this embodiment, a plurality of densely packaged, processor-based devices 30 are shown mounted in a rack system 32. Rack system 32 is designed to slidably receive a plurality of the processor-based devices 30. Typically, devices 30 are mounted on retractable rails that permit the device to be moved between a retracted position within rack 32 and an extended position in which the device is at least partially extended from rack system 32. This extension allows removal or servicing of an individual device 30, as illustrated in Figure 1.

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Throughout this description, an exemplary processor-based device is described and referenced as server 30, but other devices also can benefit from the unique features described herein. The exemplary server 30 is a low profile server, such as a 1U server designed to occupy one unit of vertical space in rack system 32.

Server 30 includes a chassis 34 having a front 35 designed with pair of drive bays 36. Drive bays 36 are

configured to receive a pair of hot pluggable drives 38.

The front of chassis 34 also may be designed to receive an ejectable CD drive assembly 40 and an ejectable floppy drive assembly 42. In the particular design illustrated, CD drive assembly 40 and floppy drive assembly 42 are combined and removable or insertable as a single unit. The exemplary design also includes other features, such as a retractable liquid crystal display (LCD) 44 and an indicator panel 46.

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In server 30, components are densely packaged, but adequate cooling of the components is maintained. As illustrated in Figure 3, chassis 34 is divided into at least two general zones, including a high pressure, high airflow zone 48 and a relatively low pressure, low flow zone 50. An airflow is created into high pressure zone 48 by a blower assembly 52. Blower assembly 52 typically includes a fan 54, such as a centrifugal fan, e.g. an exemplary blower unit is a 24 volt Gamma blower.

Similarly, airflow through low pressure zone 50 is created by a blower 56. In the embodiment illustrated, blower 56 comprises a fan integral with an internal power supply 58 oriented such that its fan discharges airflow into low pressure zone 50.

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Preferably, blower assembly 52 discharges airflow at a greater rate and pressure than blower 56. Thus, the air pressure created in high pressure zone 48 is maintained at a higher level than the air pressure in low pressure zone 50 during operation of the fans. This ensures sufficient airflow across densely packed, heat producing components disposed within high pressure zone 48 of chassis 34.

To ensure that minimal high pressure air from zone 48 flows into low pressure zone 50, open areas between the zones have been blocked by an air baffle 60. Air baffle 60 prevents the output of blower assembly 52 from disrupting the air flow created through low pressure zone 50 by blower 56.

Exemplary components disposed in high pressure zone 48 include one or more, e.g. two, processors 62, each coupled to a corresponding heat sink 64. Each heat sink 64 includes a plurality of cooling fins 66 that decrease in height along an inwardly directed end to provide additional room for other components. For example, a plurality of memory modules 68, e.g. DIMMs, may be mounted within high pressure zone 48 at an angle to facilitate the low profile

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design of chassis 34. In this embodiment, memory modules 68 are disposed at an angle over at least one of the heat sinks 64, but the decreasing height of the inwardly disposed cooling fins permit the memory modules to be so oriented without contacting the heat sink. Another exemplary component disposed in high pressure zone 48 is a PCI card 70.

In operation, blower assembly 52 draws air in along drives 38 and discharges the airflow into high pressure zone 48. The size and capacity of the fan is adjusted according to the size of chassis 34 and the layout of components disposed in high pressure zone 48. However, the capacity should be sufficient to create enough pressure in high pressure zone 48 that the necessary quantity of cooling air passes across the components disposed in zone 48, e.g. heat sinks 64 and memory modules 68.

Preferably, the airflow is discharged towards the rear of chassis 34. In the illustrated embodiment, chassis 34 includes a cutout region 72 for receiving an air outlet or vent through which air is discharged from high pressure zone 48. For example, a vent region 74 may be disposed in a cover 76 designed to fit over chassis 34 and enclose high

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pressure zone 48 and low pressure zone 50. Vent region 74 is disposed in a "scooped" region 78 of cover 76. When cover 76 is disposed on chassis 34, scooped region 78 extends inwardly into the interior of chassis 34 in high pressure zone 48 along cutout region 72. As illustrated best in Figure 5, vent region 74 includes a vent and preferably a plurality of vents 80 that permit the airflow to exit generally in a direction in line with the discharge from blower assembly 52. Exemplary vents 80 are formed as a plurality of louvers along scooped region 78.

Cover 76 also may include an air inlet 82 and an air outlet 84 for blower 56, or alternatively, inlet 82 and outlet 84 can be formed through chassis 34. As blower 56 is operated, air is drawn through inlet 82 along the combined CD/floppy drive and into the power supply assembly 58. The air is discharged from blower 56 into low pressure zone 50 until it exits through outlet 84. Low pressure zone 50 may include a variety of components that vary according to the design of chassis 34 and server 30. In the exemplary embodiment, low pressure zone 50 includes a PCI card 86, an inline EMI filter 88 and an internal array controller cable tray 90.

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Other features of server 30 include a dual PCI card and an ejectable riser assembly 92 to which PCI cards 70 and 86 are attached. Also, DIMM modules 68 and processors 62 preferably are attached to a motherboard 94. Drives 38 are coupled to a removable SCSI back plane 96. A raid on a chip (ROC) board 98 is disposed intermediate blower assembly 52 and power supply 58. A power switch and LED PC board 100 is deployed within chassis 34 generally proximate indicator panel 46 for cooperation therewith. A back plane 102 for the combined CD and floppy assembly is deployed between floppy drive assembly 42/CD assembly 40 and power supply 58. Additionally, a pair of mounting rails 104 can be attached to the sides of chassis 34 to permit engagement with corresponding rails of rack system 32, as described It should be noted that a variety of component arrangements can be utilized, however, the exemplary illustrated arrangement provides for a dense packaging of components separated into two cooling zones that are able to readily maintain the components at desirable operating temperatures. Several of the unique, inventive features that facilitate the above-described packaging are described below.

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One of the unique features of server 30 is cable tray In low profile servers, such as the illustrated 1U server, larger SCSI cables can interfere with the fit of internal components as well as being detrimental to thermal performance, e.g. heat removal. Cable tray 90 is designed to hold an SCSI cable 106 and to lie generally flat along a floor 108 of chassis 34. The low profile tray holds cable 106 substantially out of the airflow through low pressure Thus, cable 106 can be used to form an electrical connection between a PCI card and motherboard 94 without interrupting airflow and thermal performance. Preferably, cable tray 90 includes a flat base 109 and a plurality of tabs 110 that extend over and retain cable 106, as illustrated in Figures 5 and 6. Preferably, tabs 110 extend upwardly from flat base 109 and may be integrally formed with flat base 109, as by plastic injection molding.

In the particular embodiment illustrated, SCSI cable

106 is connected to the board edge of motherboard 94 by an

SCSI connector 112. Electrically, a control signal is

implemented on an internal SCSI connector for an adapter to

electrically switch the signal paths from being driven by

an onboard controller to being driven by the adapter

controller. The signal path preferably is optimized so

that when no adapters are plugged in, there will be negligible impact on the signal quality.

Another feature that facilitates the dense packaging of components within chassis 34 is riser assembly 92, 5 illustrated best in Figures 7 through 10A. The design of riser assembly 92 permits the mounting of at least two full length PCI cards, such as PCI cards 70 and 86, as illustrated in Figures 8 through 10. Riser assembly 92 includes a framework 120 having a center frame portion 122 10 disposed between PCI cards 70 and 86 and a pair of frame ends 124, 126 that are disposed generally perpendicular to center frame portion 122. Frame ends 124 and 126 preferably are spaced apart to slidably receive PCI cards 70 and 86. Typically, each frame end 124 and 126 includes 15 appropriate supports 128 for supporting each PCI card.

Additionally, riser assembly 92 includes a PCI riser card 130 disposed along center frame portion 122. A pair of oppositely facing connectors 132 are electrically coupled to PCI riser card 130 and extend in opposite directions therefrom for coupling with PCI card 70 and PCI card 86. Connectors 132 are mounted to PCI riser card 130 in a vertically staggered arrangement. Additionally, a

riser card connector 134 is mounted to riser card 130 and configured for connection with motherboard 94 at a connection location 136 (see Figure 6) to permit communication with PCI cards 70 and 86.

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Additionally, riser assembly 92 includes a lever and preferably a pair of levers 138 connected by a handle 140. Lever or levers 138 are pivotably mounted to riser assembly 92, preferably at center frame portion 122 for pivotable motion about a pivot mount 142. Each lever 138 also includes an engagement end 144 that has an engagement feature, such as a recess 146 designed to engage a rib 148, typically mounted on chassis floor 108 (see also Figure 6).

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When riser assembly 92 is moved downwardly into chassis 34 (generally over cable tray 90), engagement end 144 and recess 146 engage rib 148, as illustrated best in Figure 9. Handle 140 is then pressed to pivot lever 138 about pivot 142, thereby driving riser card connector 134 into engagement with a corresponding connector, e.g. a connector on motherboard 94, and riser assembly 92 into proper position. To remove riser assembly 92, handle 140 simply is pulled upwardly which moves riser assembly 92 and

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riser card connector 134 laterally to permit lifting of the entire assembly from chassis 34.

It should be noted that riser assembly 92 may be further secured in chassis 34 by a plurality of engagement features. For example, as illustrated in Figures 10 and 10A, a plurality of pins and receptor slots can be used to secure riser assembly 92 into chassis 34 when levers 138 are pivoted to an installed position. As illustrated in Figure 10, frame end 126 may be designed with a pin 150 and a receiving slot 152 that are located for engagement with a corresponding receiving slot 154 and pin 156, respectively, that are attached to chassis 34. In this embodiment, receiving slot 134 is formed in a tab 158 that extends upwardly from chassis floor 108, and pin 156 also is formed to extend generally upwardly from chassis floor 108 for sliding engagement with receiving slot 152.

As illustrated best in Figure 10A, riser assembly 92

20 may also include one or more, e.g. two, pegs 160 that

extend generally downwardly from the bottom of center frame

portion 122. Pegs 160 are located for engagement with

corresponding slots 162 formed in a bracket 164 mounted to

chassis floor 108 (see also Figure 6). Bracket 164 and

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slots 162 are designed to engage and retain pegs 160 when levers 138 move riser assembly 92 into its installed position, as illustrated best in Figure 8.

Another unique feature of server 30 is an indicator system 162 illustrated in Figures 11 through 13. Indicator system 162 permits a technician to identify the appropriate server 30, or other processor-based device, that requires attention and to disconnect the unit without risking disconnection of the wrong unit. 10

When multiple servers are mounted in a rack, particularly when the units have low profiles, such as 1U servers, it can be difficult for a technician to ensure that he or she unplugs the proper unit at the rear when the unit was initially identified from the front. Thus, indicator system 162 can be activated to provide an indicator of the desired server from the front of the server and from the rear of the server. A variety of tags, logos, audible indicators etc. could be activated by an actuator to provide appropriate designation of the server requiring attention.

However, a preferred indicator system 162 provides a front switch 164 and a front light 166, as illustrated in Figure 11. Similarly, exemplary indicator system 162 provides a rear switch 168 and a rear light 170, as illustrated in Figure 12. When either front switch 164 or rear switch 168 is depressed while lights 166 and 170 are off, both lights 166 and 170 are illuminated. If either switch 164 or 168 is depressed while lights 166 and 170 are illuminated, both lights 166 and 170 turn off.

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This allows an individual to identify a unit requiring attention from the front. Once identified, front switch 164 is depressed to illuminate front light 166 and rear light 170. The individual may then walk around to the back of a rack containing multiple units, identify the unit having an illuminated rear light 170, and unplug cables from the unit. The unit then can be removed from the front of the rack for service or replacement. This prevents the inadvertent disconnection of the wrong unit. Lights 166 and 170 preferably have a visually noticeable color, such as a blue color.

An exemplary circuit for use in indicator system 162 is illustrated in Figure 13 and the functionality of the

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circuit is illustrated in Figure 13a. The exemplary circuit may be powered by an auxiliary power supply Vaux 172. Power supply 172 may be separated from the main system power supply which allows the circuitry to be operated even when the main system power is off. Other components of the circuit include a NAND-gate 174, a D-flipflop 176 and an inverter 178.

In this exemplary embodiment, the D-flipflop 176 is illustrated after its reset condition, that is its output Q is low and Q/ is high. When either push button 164 or 168 is depressed, the signal line PUSH/ (labeled 172a) level changes from high to low. This signal transition causes the clock input signal, CLK 166d, of D-flipflop 176 to change from low to high, via NAND-gate 174. signal latches the high state at the D input, therefore changing the Q output (labeled 166c) from low to high. Because the Q output signal is passed through the inverter 178, the signal (LED-ON/ 166a) at the cathode pins of LEDs 166 and 170 is changed from high to low. This turns on or illuminates LEDs 166 and 170. At this time, the D input of the flipflop 176 is low. When either push button 164 and or 168 is depressed again, the CLK input latches the low state from the D input, causing the Q output, STATUS 166c,

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to change from high to low. This transition goes through the inverter 178, effectively turning off both LED 166 and LED 170.

In the embodiment illustrated, one of the NAND-gate 174 inputs also can be controlled by software designed to allow LEDs 166 and 170 to be turned on, turned off or blinked. Application software on the server or on a remote server can be utilized to control the state of the LEDs. The D-flipflop 176 output Q/, STATUS/ 166b, also can be monitored by software. This would allow a technician from a remote site to control the state of LEDs 166 and 170 and to notify another technician in the server room as to which server requires service. Upon completion of the service work, the servicing technician would then push either button 164 or 168. The remote technician is thereby able to monitor the LED status and to determine completion of the service work. It should be noted that the figure and functionality described are exemplary, and other circuits can be used to accomplish the device identification described above.

Another unique feature of the exemplary server 30 is the retractable LCD 44, illustrated in Figures 14 through

17. The liquid crystal display module 44 can be moved between a retracted position, as illustrated in Figure 14, and a display or open position, as illustrated in Figure 15. The LCD module includes a display 180 that can be used as a visual interface for various information related to the operation of server 30. However, when LCD module 44 is not in use, it can be moved to the retracted position to permit access to CD drive assembly 40 and floppy drive assembly 42.

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LCD module 44 is pivotably mounted to a retraction assembly 182 by a module pivot 184 that allows LCD module 44 to be pivoted between the display position and a position generally perpendicular to the front of server 30 for retraction. Retraction assembly 182 includes an outer guide housing 186 disposed generally between floppy drive assembly 42/CD drive assembly 40 and drive bays 36. Outer guide housing 186 is designed to slidably receive LCD module 44 therein.

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Retraction assembly 182 further includes a pivot mount bracket 188 to which module 44 is pivotably mounted via pivot 184, as best illustrated in Figures 16 and 17.

Generally opposite pivot 184, bracket 188 includes one or

more attachment features 190 to which one or more resilient members, such as a pair of springs 192 can be attached. Preferably, a pair of springs positioned above and below each other are used to balance the biasing force on pivot mount bracket 188 and LCD module 44 as LCD module 44 is drawn into an open interior 194 of outer guide housing 186. Exemplary springs 192 include coil springs that are pulled to a stretched position when LCD module is moved to its open or display position. Thus, the coil springs bias LCD module 44 back into open interior 194 when module 44 is pivoted to a position generally in alignment with open interior 194. An appropriate electric line or lines 195 may be routed to LCD module 44 through outer guide housing 186, as best illustrated in Figures 16 and 17.

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When units, such as servers, are stacked sequentially in rack system 32, the various cables coupled to the various server ports can be difficult to manage. This is particularly true with low profile servers, such as 1U servers, due to the relatively large number of closely spaced units. Accordingly, the densely stacked servers benefit from a cable management system 200, such as that illustrated in Figures 18 and 19. The exemplary cable management system 200 includes a tray bracket 202 mounted

to and extending rearwardly from each server 30. At least one and preferably a pair of spools 204 serve as a cable support member and are mounted to tray bracket 202 in a position that permits the plurality of various cables 206 to be wrapped and held generally along the backside of server 30. Spools 204 can be mounted in a variety of locations depending on the design of server 30 and rack system 32, but the spools are preferably located in positions to provide strain relief for the cables and to bundle the cables for routing.

Cable management system 200 further includes a tension device 208 and a retainer member 210. Tension device 208 and retainer 210 preferably are mounted towards the back of rack system 32 generally on a level with server 30.

Retainer 210 may be mounted or formed at a position on an opposite side of rack system 32 from tension device 208, as illustrated in Figures 18 and 19. Retainer 210 also is positioned slightly rearward of tension device 208.

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In an exemplary embodiment, tension device 208
comprises a tension reel 212, such as a torsion spring
loaded reel, having an extensible member 214, such as a
cord or cable. Extensible member 214 is connected to cable

bundle 206 at a location intermediate the cable connectors plugged into the rear of server 30 and retainer 210.

Specifically, extensible member 214 is connected to cable bundle 206 generally intermediate the position at which cable bundle 206 is in contact with retainer 210 and the position of the closest spool 204. Thus, when a specific server 30 is slid to an extended position in rack system 32, extension member 214 is pulled outwardly, as illustrated in Figure 19. However, when the server is returned to its retracted position within rack system 32, extension member 214 is retracted into tension reel 212, thereby pulling cable bundle 206 to a neatly folded position to the rear of server 30, as illustrated in Figure 18.

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When multiple thin profile devices, e.g. servers, are mounted in a rack system 32, a rack rail must be positioned for engagement with the side mounting rails 104 attached to chassis 34 of each device 30. With low profile devices, multiple rails must be deployed in rack system 32 to receive the multiple corresponding servers. To facilitate assembly of rack system 32, and specifically the attachment of rack rails for supporting each device 30, unique rails have been designed for easy insertion and removal.

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As illustrated best in Figure 20, a preferred rack system includes a front support member 220 and a back support member 222 on each side of rack system 32. Front support member 220 includes a plurality of mounting openings 224 that inhabit a substantial portion of the member. Similarly, rear support member 222 includes a plurality of mounting openings 226 that extend upwardly for a substantial distance along the support member. The mounting openings are designed to receive a rail 228 that extends from the front to the rear of rack system 32 between front support member 220 and rear support member 222. It should be noted that mounting openings 224 and 226 can be in a variety of configurations and can be changed to mounting tabs, brackets or other features able to engage the corresponding mounting ends of each rail 228.

In the illustrated embodiment, each rail 228 includes a rear mounting end 230 and a front mounting 232. Each mounting end 230, 232 includes engagement features for engaging the mounting structures along front and rear support members 220, 222. In the exemplary, illustrated embodiment, rear mounting end 230 and front mounting end 232 each include a pair of tabs 234 sized and spaced for

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receipt in corresponding mounting openings 222. Thus, rail 228 may be positioned at multiple different locations along support members 220 and 222.

In the preferred embodiment, rear mounting end 230 is fixed and front mounting end 232 is resiliently movable.

Alternatively, rear mounting end 230 can be made resiliently movable, or both mounting ends can be made resiliently movable. Regardless, an exemplary resiliently movable mechanism 236 is illustrated best in Figure 21.

In this embodiment, rail 228 includes a first rail portion 238 and a second rail portion 240 that may be slidably coupled to first rail portion 238 by a plurality of pins or fasteners 242. As illustrated, second rail portion 240 is formed with a pair of slots through which pins 242 extend into contact with corresponding mounting brackets 244 disposed on the interior of first rail portion 238. Heads 246 of pins 242 retain second rail portion 240 slidably trapped against first rail portion 238. In this embodiment, front mounting end 232 is formed at the front of second rail portion 240 for selective, sliding movement into and out of engagement with mounting openings 224 of front support member 220. Front mounting end 232 may

include a bumper 248 to buffer the contact between first rail portion 238 and second rail portion 240 when sliding second rail portion 240 farther into first rail portion 238.

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To ensure that rear mounting end 230 and front mounting end 232 remain firmly connected to rear support member 222 and front support member 220, respectively, second rail portion 240 is biased outwardly from first rail portion 238 by a biasing system 250. An exemplary biasing system 250 includes a coil spring 252 disposed within a channel 254 located on the interior of first rail portion 238. An abutment tab 256 is disposed at an interior end of channel 254. A second abutment tab 258 extends inwardly from second rail portion 240 generally at an end of spring 252 longitudinally opposite of abutment tab 256 when second rail portion 240 is slidably mounted to first rail portion 238.

Thus, spring 252 biases second rail portion 240 and mounting end 232 in an outward direction to firmly move rear mounting end 230 and front mounting end 232 into engagement with rear support member 222 and front support member 220, respectively. However, rail 228 can quickly

and easily be removed by overcoming the bias of spring 252 and forcing second rail portion 240 to slide inwardly into first rail portion 238. This resilient, movable mechanism 236 permits quick installation and removal of rails 228 from rack system 32 to accommodate the mounting of multiple devices, such as servers without the use of screws or other types of fasteners.

The actual features of rails 228 by which each server 30 is slidably mounted thereto depends on the configuration of mounting rails 104. However, a variety of available sliding rails 104 and corresponding mounting rails 228 can be utilized, as known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

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It will be understood that the foregoing description is of preferred embodiments of this invention, and that the invention is not limited to the specific forms shown. For example, a variety of devices other than servers can benefit from the various features described herein; the configuration of the overall chassis and the location of components can be adjusted according to a specific application; the size and capacity of the blower assemblies can be adjusted according to each application; and a

variety of materials can be utilized in the construction of various components described herein. These and other modifications may be made in the design and arrangement of the elements without departing from the scope of the invention as expressed in the appended claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

5 1. A PCI card assembly, comprising:

a framework;

a PCI riser card connected to the framework and disposed in a generally vertical orientation;

a first PCI card coupled to the PCI riser card and oriented generally perpendicular to the PCI riser card;

a second PCI card coupled to the PCI riser card and disposed generally perpendicular to the PCI riser card, the second PCI card extending from the PCI riser card in a direction opposite that of the first PCI card; and

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- a lever system to move the framework between an install position and an eject position.
- 5 2. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 1, wherein the first PCI card and the second PCI card are standard size, full length PCI cards.
- 3. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 1,
 wherein the framework includes a center framework portion
 to which the lever system is pivotably mounted.
- 4. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 1,
 wherein the lever system is mounted on a pivot and includes
 a handle disposed on one side of the pivot and a gripping
 member disposed on an opposite side of the pivot.
 - 5. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 4, wherein the gripping member includes a recess sized to engage a corresponding, stationary feature to facilitate installation as the lever system is pivoted.
 - 6. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 4, further comprising a connector configured to electrically

couple the first PCI card and the second PCI card to another printed circuit board.

- 7. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 4,

 wherein the lever system includes a pair of lever members.
 - 8. The PCI card assembly as recited in claim 7, wherein the framework further includes a first support end and a second support end oriented generally perpendicular to the center framework portion.
 - 9. A server, comprising:
 - a chassis having a 1U profile; and

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- a PCI card assembly having a framework sized to fit within the chassis, the framework being configured to receive a pair of opposed PCI cards.
- 20 10. The server as recited in claim 9, further comprising a PCI riser card disposed between and coupled to the pair of opposed PCI cards.

- 11. The server as recited in claim 10, wherein the framework comprises a center framework portion to which the PCI riser card is mounted.
- 12. The server as recited in claim 11, wherein the PCI card assembly further comprises a lever system to move the PCI card assembly between an installed position and an eject position.
- 13. The server as recited in claim 12, wherein the lever system is pivotably mounted to the framework for pivotable motion about a pivot.
- 14. The server as recited in claim 13, wherein the

 15 lever system comprises a lever member having a gripping end

 disposed on one side of the pivot, further wherein the

 chassis includes a stationary feature configured for

 engagement with the gripping end.
 - 15. The server as recited in claim 14, wherein the lever system comprises a handle connected to the lever member on an opposite side of the pivot from the gripping end, further wherein movement of the handle when the

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gripping end is engaged with the stationary feature causes lateral movement of the PCI card assembly.

- 16. The server as recited in claim 13, wherein the
 lever system comprises a pair of lever members mounted for
 pivotable motion about the pivot and connected to each
 other by a handle.
- 17. The server as recited in claim 14, wherein the
 10 first PCI card and the second PCI card are standard size,
 full length PCI cards.
- 18. The server as recited in claim 12, wherein the first PCI card and the second PCI card are disposed in a vertically staggered position.
 - 19. The server as recited in claim 14, wherein the framework includes a plurality of retention features designed to engage the chassis when the framework is moved to the installed position.
 - 20. A method for deploying a pair of full length PCI cards in a low profile processor-based device, comprising:

mounting a pair of PCI cards to a PCI riser card disposed therebetween;

vertically staggering the pair of PCI cards; and

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providing a connector coupled to the PCI riser card through which the pair of PCI cards may be electrically coupled with the processorbased device.

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21. The method as recited in claim 20, wherein mounting comprises mounting the pair of PCI cards in a framework having a height permitting installation in a 1U device.

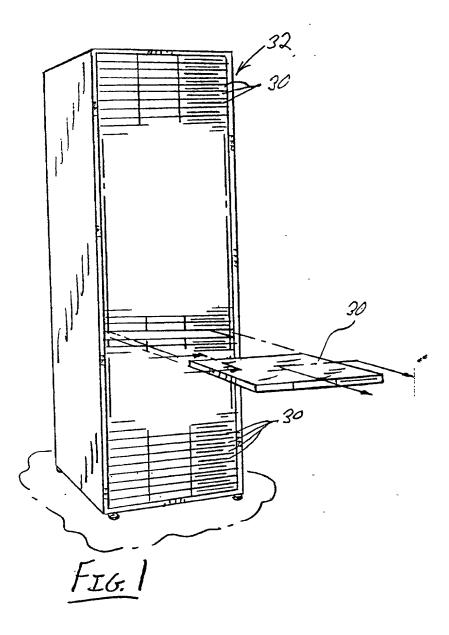
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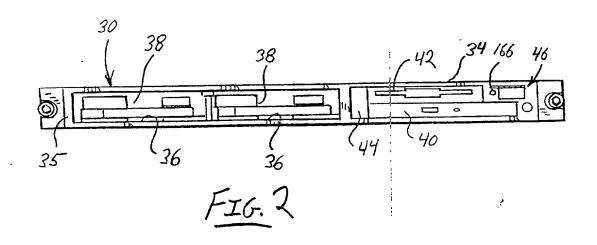
- 22. The method as recited in claim 21, further comprising mounting the framework in a 1U server.
- 23. The method as recited in claim 22, further
 20 comprising connecting a lever system to the framework to
 provide mechanical advantage for engaging the connector.

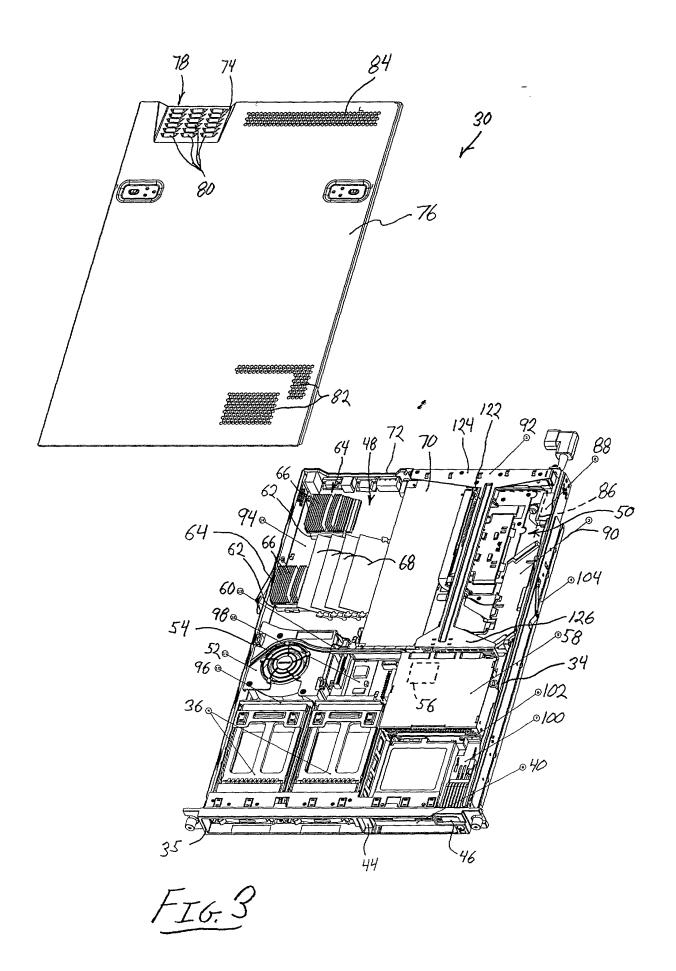
- 24. The method as recited in claim 23, further comprising actuating the lever system to move the framework between an eject position and an installed position.
- 5 25. The method as recited in claim 23, further comprising providing the 1U server with a chassis having a stationary engagement feature configured for engagement with the lever system.
- 10 26. The method as recited in claim 25, further comprising forming the lever system with a pair of lever members connected by a handle.

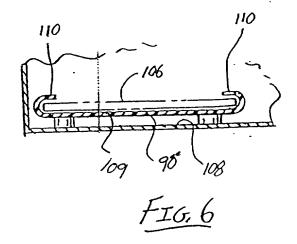
ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

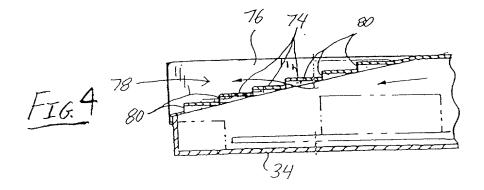
An assembly that permits the compact packaging of PCI cards within a low profile chassis of, for example, a server. The assembly includes a framework having a central portion along which a PCI riser card is mounted in a generally vertical orientation. A pair of PCI cards are coupled to the centrally located PCI riser card in a generally perpendicular and opposing orientation. A lever system also is connected to the framework to permit the entire assembly to be lowered into a relatively small footprint and then levered laterally for connection into the overall device.

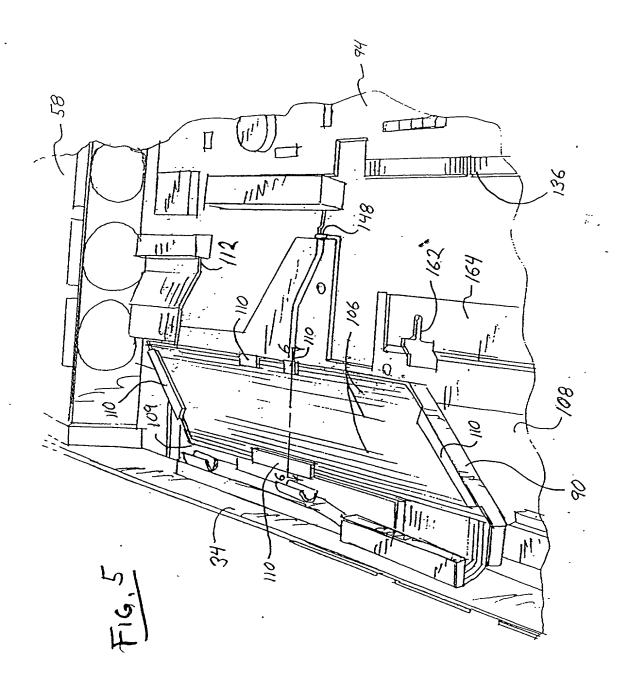


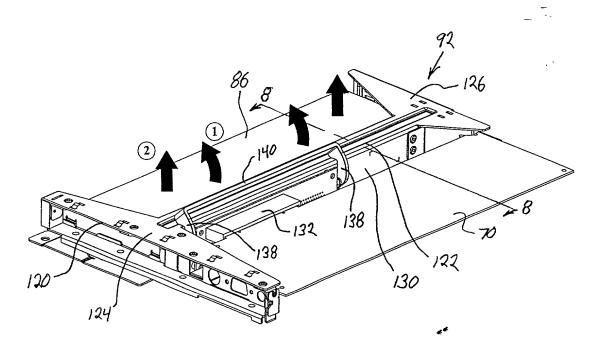






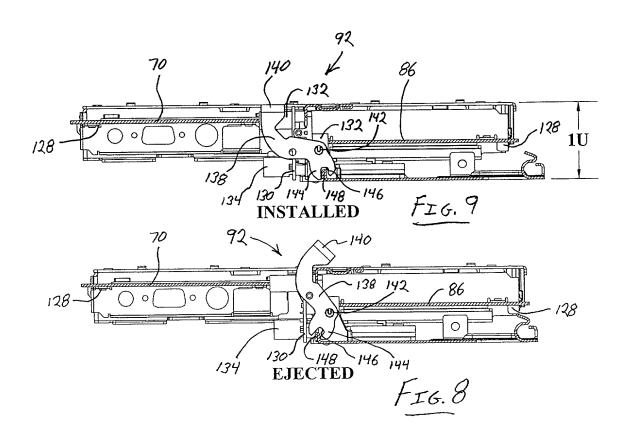


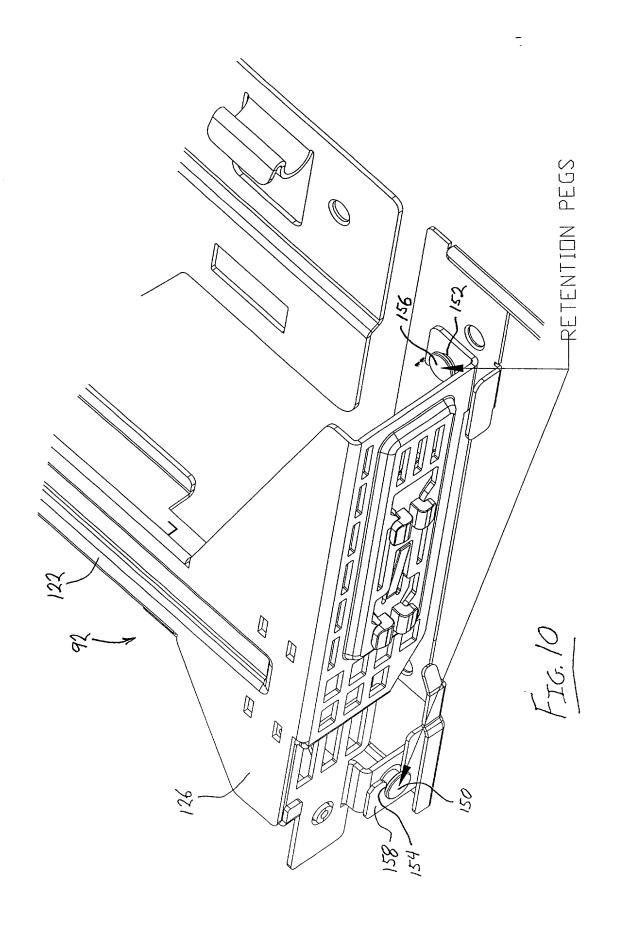


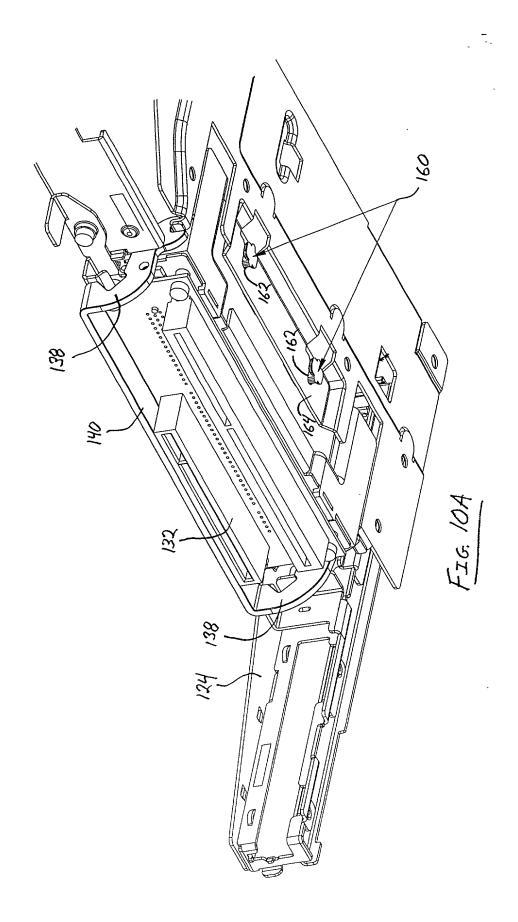


F16. 7

- (1) ROTATE HANDLE TO EJECT
- (2) LIFT ASSEMBLY TO REMOVE







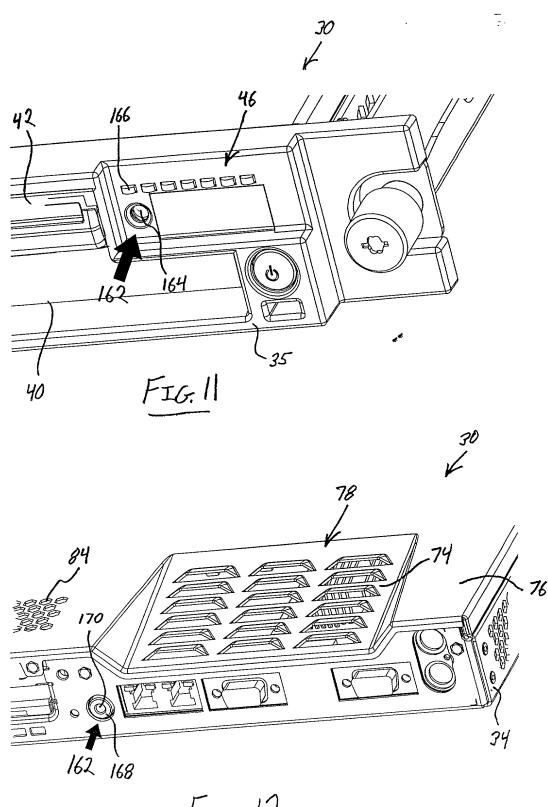


FIG. 12

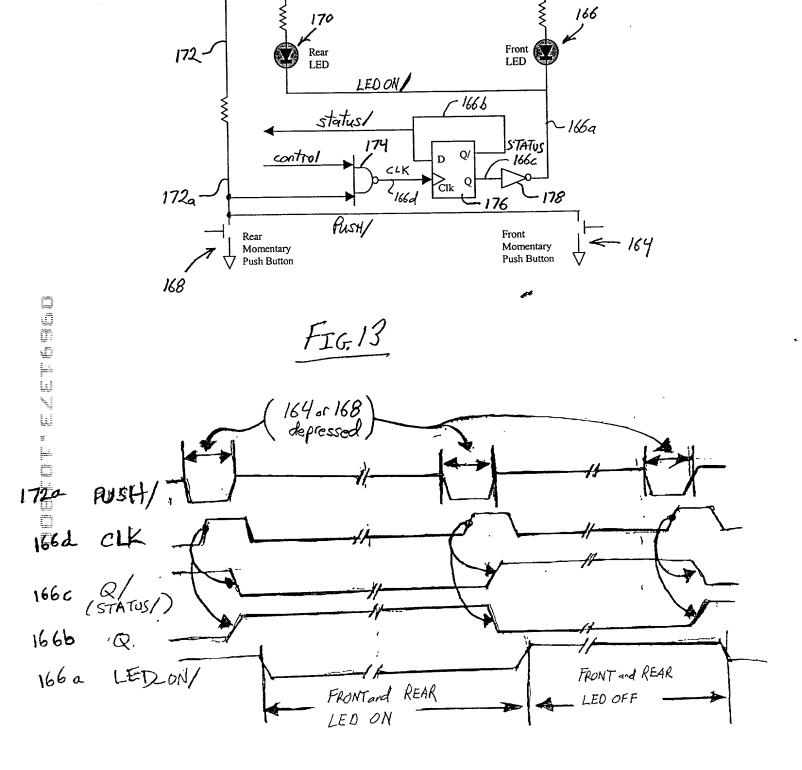
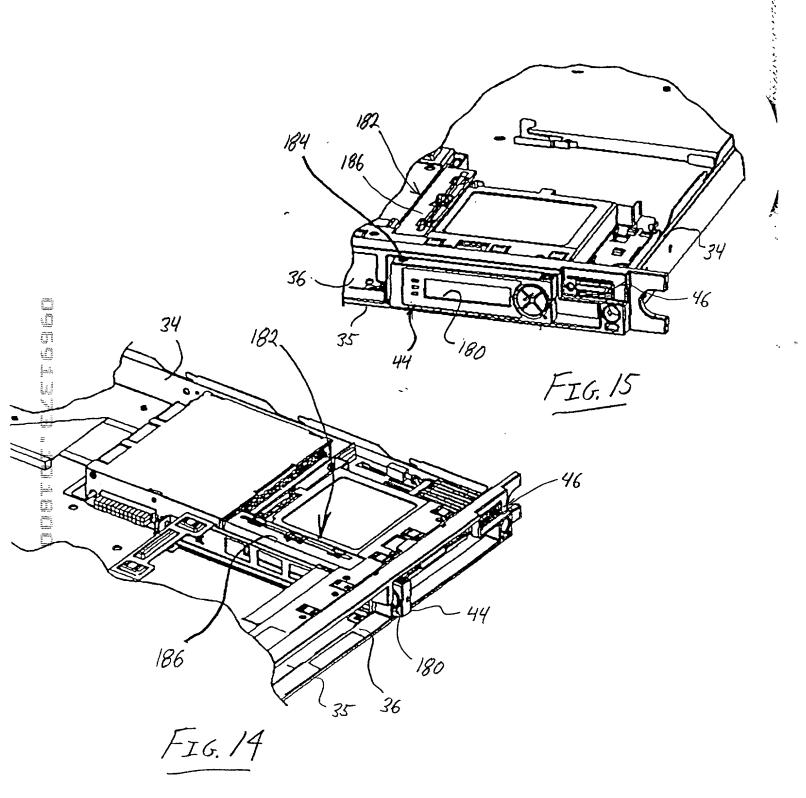
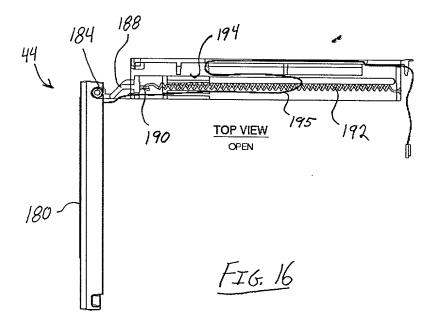


FIG. Ba

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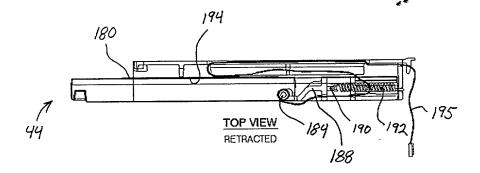
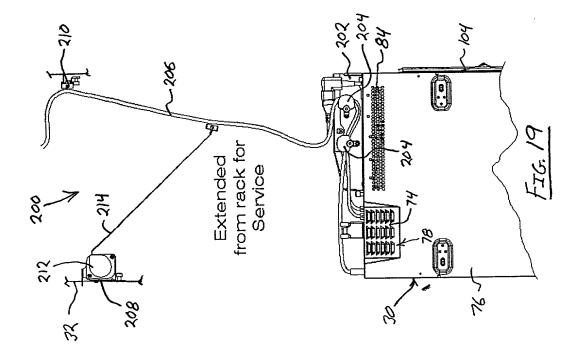
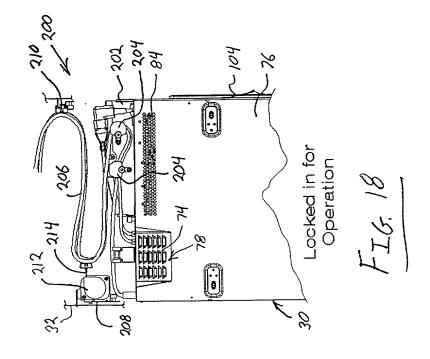


FIG. 17





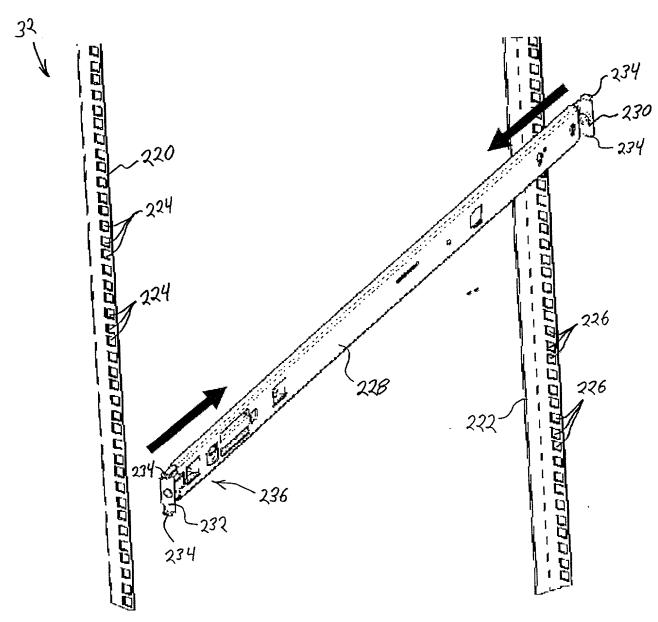


FIG. 20

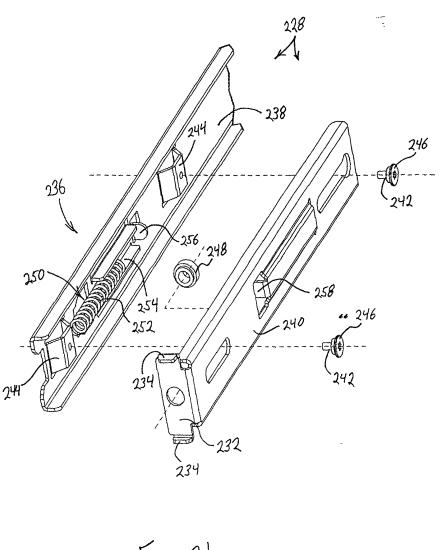


FIG. 21

Attorney Docket No.: COMP:0162 (P00-3081)

DECLARATION

SOLE/JOINT INVENTOR ORIGINAL/SUBSTITUTE/CIP

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: my residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: SYSTEM FOR MOUNTING PCI CARDS of patent Application Serial No. as described in the specification | X | attached or and amended on filed I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; that I do not know and do not believe the same was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application; that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representative or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application; and that I acknowledge the duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56(a). Such information is material when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and (1) it establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or (2) it refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant has taken or may take in: (i) opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or (ii) asserting an argument of patentability. hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificates listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed: PRIORITY CLAIMED DATE OF FILING APPLICATION NUMBER COUNTRY UNDER 35 USC 119 า พด YES I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35 United States Code § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as any subject matter of any claim of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States Application, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national PCT international filing date of this application: I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FIRST INVENTOR David F. Bolognia CITIZENSHIP RESIDENCE U.S.A. 17110 Park Lodge, Spring, Texas 77379 POST OFFICE ADDRESS same as above DATE FULL NAME OF SECOND JOINT INVENTOR 10/18/00 John R. Grady CITIZENSHIP RESIDENCE 12502 Seattle Slew Drive, Apt. 1428, Houston/Texas 77065 U.S.A.

POST OFFICE ADDRESS same as above

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Filed: Herewith

Attorney File No.:

COMP:0162

P00-3081

Serial No.:

Unassigned

For: SYSTEM FOR MOUNTING

PCI CARDS

POWER OF ATTORNEY BY ASSIGNEE

Under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 3.71, the undersigned assignee of record of the entire interest in the aboveidentified patent/patent application by virtue of an assignment recorded (check as applicable):

Concurrently Herewith

Date Recorded

Frame

elects to conduct the prosecution of the application/maintenance of the patent to the exclusion of the inventor(s). The undersigned hereby declares that he has reviewed the above-referenced assignment and hereby declares that, to the best of his knowledge, title is in the Assignee, and further declares that all statements made herein of his own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true. The assignee hereby revokes any previous powers of attorney and appoints the following to prosecute this application/maintain this patent and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Michael G. Fletcher	32,777	Irene Kosturakis	33,724
Patrick S. Yoder	37,479	Keith Lutsch	31,851
Robert A. Van Someren	36,038	Joseph Arrambide	39,589
Diana M. Sangalli	40,798	Sarah T. Harris	35,891
_		Louis Brucculeri	38,834
		Richard P. Lange	27,296
		Theodore S. Park	26,971

Please direct all communications to: Fletcher, Yoder & Van Someren, P.O. Box 692289, Houston, Texas 77269-2289, (281) 970-4545, to the attention of: Robert A. Van Someren

ASSIGNEE

COMPAQ COMPUTER CORPORATION

18 OCI 2000

BY:

NAME: TITLE:

Administrator, Patents

Diane Strong

Administrator, Patents

Authorized To Sign This Document On Behalf Of

Compag Computer Corporation

Pursuant To Board Of Directors Resolution

Date July 28, 1989